#### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

### FORM 8-K

#### CURRENT REPORT

#### Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): September 9, 2021

# DARÉ BIOSCIENCE, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

001-36395

20-4139823 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

(Commission File Number)

3655 Nobel Drive, Suite 260

San Diego, CA 92122 (Address of Principal Executive Offices and Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (858) 926-7655

Not Applicable (Former name or former address, if changed since last report.)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b)) Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class Common stock

Trading Symbol(s) DARE

Name of each exchange on which registered Nasdaq Capital Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

#### Item 8.01 Other Events

Included as Exhibit 99.1 to this report is a presentation about Daré Bioscience, Inc. ("Daré") and its product candidates, dated September 9, 2021, which is incorporated herein by reference. Daré intends to use the presentation and its contents in various meetings with investors, securities analysts and others, commencing on September 9, 2021.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

 Exhibit No.
 Description

 99.1
 Corporate presentation, dated September 9, 2021

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Dated: September 9, 2021

### DARÉ BIOSCIENCE, INC.

By: Name: Title: /s/ Sabrina Martucci Johnson Sabrina Martucci Johnson President and Chief Executive Officer

# Daré Bioscience





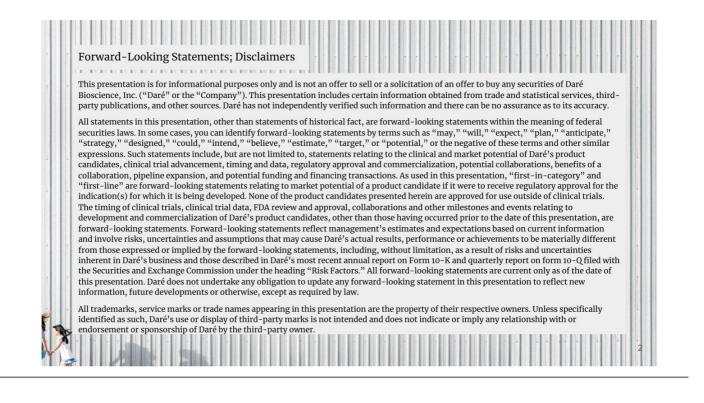


DARÉ IN ITALIAN, IT MEANS "TO GIVE." IN ENGLISH, IT MEANS "TO BE BOLD."

NASDAQ: DARE www.darebioscience.com

Corporate Presentation: September 9, 2021

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### Women's Health is Our Sole Focus

Daré Bioscience is a clinical-stage biopharmaceutical company committed to addressing the lack of innovation in women's health primarily in the areas of contraception, vaginal health, sexual health, and fertility.

We work to accelerate innovative product options in women's health that...

Expand treatment options, Enhance outcomes, and

Improve ease of use for women.



We partner to...

Drive **innovation** and develop new solutions,

Accelerate novel products to address persistent unmet needs in a time and capital efficient manner, and

Become a **pipeline resource** for large and emerging commercial companies.

We look for differentiated investigational products with...

Attractive market opportunities + unmet medical needs,

Prior human **proof-of-concept** and/or ability to leverage a **505(b)(2)** regulatory pathway,

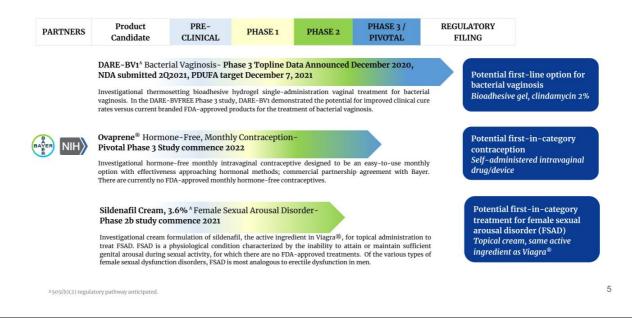
First-in-category or first-line potential, and

Opportunity to **personalize for women** with novel, convenient routes of administration.



## Advancing Products Women Want – Late Stage Programs

darébic



# Advancing Products Women Want – Phase 1 and Preclinical

. . . . . .

Product Candidate	PRE-CLINICAL	PHASE 1
DARE-HRT1^ Hormone Therapy - F	Phase 1 Study Complete	First-in-category combination hormone delivery for treatment of vasomotor and vaginal symptoms of menopause. Intravaginal ring (IVR) designed to release bio-identical estradiol and bio-identical progesterone over 28 days.
DARE-FRT1 <sup>^</sup> Pregnancy Maintenan	ce - Phase 1 Preparation	First-in-category progesterone delivery for pregnancy maintenance including the prevention o preterm birth and for luteal phase support as part of an IVF regimen. IVR designed to release bio identical progesterone over 14 days.
DARE-VVA1 <sup>^</sup> Vulvar and Vaginal At	rophy – Phase 1 Preparation	First-in-category hormone-free vaginal treatment for vulvar and vaginal atrophy (VVA) in a hormone-receptor positive, breast cancer patient population. Proprietary formulation of tamoxifen for vaginal administration.
DARE-LARC1 <sup>^</sup> Long-Acting, Rever Personal Contraceptive System	sible	Levonorgestrel-releasing long-acting contraceptive implant that a woman can turn on and off herself, according to her own needs.
ADARE 204/214 6 & 12-Month Injectable Contraception		Novel 6 & 12-month injectable formulations of etonogestrel being developed as a longer-acting, reversible method of contraception with a more predictable return to fertility.
DARE-RH1 Male or Female Contraceptive Target		A potential new rapidly reversible, non-hormonal contraceptive solution with application for women and men.
505(b)(2) regulatory pathway anticipated.		6

# Near Term Catalysts to Drive Value



^505(b)(2) regulatory pathway anticipated.

# Daré: Advancing Products Women Want

Innovative women's health pipeline with multiple clinical, regulatory and commercial milestones anticipated in 2021-2022. Every program, if approved, represents a potential first-line or first-in-class product opportunity. Experienced Board of Directors and Management Team with demonstrated success in clinical and product development, regulatory affairs, corporate strategy and financial operations. Women's health generating more interest as evidenced by transformational transactions:<sup>1-6</sup>

. . . . .

Pharmaceutical companies will continue to seek new and differentiated products to supplement their branded women's health offerings



Licensed **Ovaprene from Daré Bioscience**. Deal includes up to \$310 million in potential commercial milestone payments, plus double-digit, tiered royalties on net sales. KaNDY acquisition for upfront consideration of \$425 million.



\$4.2 B in collaboration to

develop and commercialize

relugolix in oncology and women's health including

up to \$200m in regulatory

women's health product

milestones for the

candidate.

### CooperCompanies

Acquired global rights to PARAGARD® Intrauterine Device (IUD) from Teva in a \$1.1 billion cash transaction.



### Fastellas

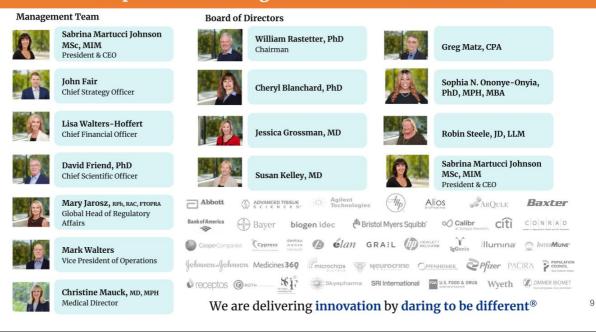
Acquisition of Ogeda for €500 million upfront and the potential for up to another €300 million in milestone payments.

### - ORGANON

Merck Organon spinoff, a new firm focused on women's health (including NuvaRing) and other drugs with projected annual revenue of >\$6.5 billion.

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## **Experienced Management & Board of Directors**



DARE-BV1 Clindamycin 2% Gel for Bacterial Vaginosis Best-in-class curative potential for the most common<sup>1</sup> vaginal infection in women of reproductive age, designed for convenient, one-time administration NDA PDUFA target December 7, 2021

1.https://www.cdc.gov/std/bv/stats.htm

# Bacterial Vaginosis - What is the clinical issue?

# Recurring infection, difficult to treat effectively

► Most common vaginal infection in women ages 15-44, affecting ~21 million women in the US<sup>1</sup>

>Current Rx suboptimal: clinical cure rates of  $37-68\%^2$ 

# Bacterial Vaginosis increases health risk<sup>3</sup>

► Preterm birth – bacterial vaginosis is linked to premature deliveries, low birth weight babies

➤ Sexually transmitted infections – bacterial vaginosis increases susceptibility to HIV, herpes simplex virus, chlamydia, gonorrhea

►Post-surgical infection – bacterial vaginosis may increase risk of infection after gynecologic procedures

> Pelvic inflammatory disease – bacterial vaginosis may cause PID, an infection that affects women's reproductive organs and can increase the risk of infertility

https://www.xccegov/skury/vstats.mur Jackeriarl vaginosis product data: http://www.clindesse.com/pdf/Pi.pdf; http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda\_docs/label/201 http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda\_docs/label/2014/2052325000lb.pdf Lhttps://www.ancoelinic.org/dbeases-conditions/acterial-vaginosis/symptoms-causes/yve-20152279

### DARE-BV1- Phase 3 Study Design & Demographics<sup>1</sup>

DARE-BV1 is a thermosetting vaginal gel formulated with clindamycin phosphate 2%, a well-known and well-characterized antibiotic designed for prolonged, localized release.

►DARE-BVFREE randomized 307 women at 32 centers across the US in a 2:1 ratio to receive a single vaginal dose of DARE-BV1 (N=204) or a single vaginal dose of placebo gel (N=103).

> The intent to treat (ITT) population<sup>2</sup> comprised primarily patients aged 15 to 59 years, with a mean age of 34.8 (6=8.8) and median age of 35. Over 53% of the ITT population qualified as obese (BMI  $\ge$  30.0), with a mean BMI of 31.50 (6=8.5).

► In the ITT population, 56.0% of women identified as Black or African American, 41% identified as white and 25.5% identified as of Hispanic or Latino origin (compared to 74.5% as not of Hispanic or Latino origin).

► In addition, more than 75% of women in the ITT population reported one or more episodes of bacterial vaginosis in the 12 months before they were randomized into the study (77.4% in the DARE-BV1 group and 73.8% in the placebo group).

► The mITT study population<sup>3</sup> also required a Nugent score of 7 or greater at time of randomization per the new 2019 FDA bacterial vaginosis guidance.

 Definitions:

 Primary Endpoint: Clinical Cure (Day 21-30 visit)<sup>4</sup>: Resolution of the abnormal vaginal discharge associated with BV; Negative 10% KOH "whiff test"; Clue cells < 20% of the total epithelial cells in the saline wet mount.</td>

 Secondary endpoints: Proportion of subjects with Clinical Cure, Bacteriological Cure and Therapeutic Cure at Day 7-14 Visit<sup>5</sup>

 Bacteriological Cure: a Nugent score < 4.</td>

 Therapeutic Cure: both a Clinical Cure and Bacteriological Cure.

The DARE-BVFREE study's two treatment arms were well balanced in terms of age, race, ethnicity, bacterial vaginosis history, and body mass index (BMI).



N=307 subjects enrolled (age 15 and above) Duration ~30 days per subject Diagnosis - Bacterial vaginosis

opulation N = 307field TT (mITT) population N = 180. In accordance with FDA guidance, the mIT lon excludes subjects from the ITT population who subsequently demonstrate test result for other concomitant arginal or cervical infections at baseline. occurred a to 4.0 (asys after study drug administration. occurred 7 to 14.0 (asys after study drug administration.

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### DARE-BV1: Potential for Improved Clinical Cure Rates vs. Current Branded Rx

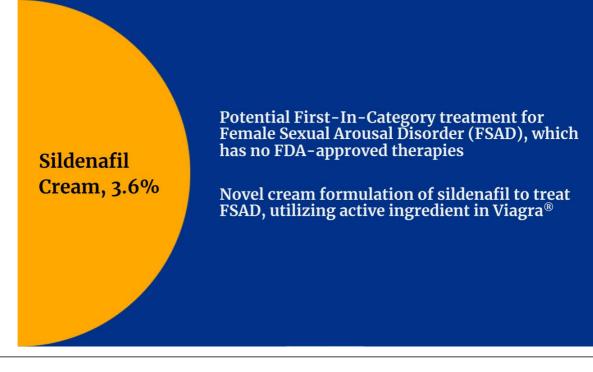
	Product	Frequency, Dose, and Route o Administration	f Study Descriptions	Clinical Cure Rates
darébio	DARE-BV1 (Investigational) (clindamycin phosphate vaginal gel, 2%)	1 time, 5g applicator, applied vaginally	DARE-8VFREE (Day 21-30)         DARE-8V1 [N=121]           Modified Intent-to-Treat Population at 21-30 Days         Piacebo (N=55)           Placebo -         Modified Intent-to-Treat Population at 21-30 Days         Piacebo (N=55)           Controlled Phase         Modified Intent-to-Treat Population at 7-14 Days         Piacebo (N=55)           Controlled Phase         Modified Intent-to-Treat Population at 7-14 Days         Piacebo (N=55)           3 Trial '         Per Protocol Population at 7-13 Days         Piacebo (N=47)           Topline data         Per Protocol Population at 7-14 Days         Piacebo (N=47)	70.5% 35.6% 76.2% 23.7% 77.5% 42.6% 81.4% 29.8%
	Solosec® (secnidazole 2g oral granules)	1 time, 2g dose, taken orally	Two Randomized, Placebo-Controlled Phase 3 Studies <sup>2</sup> Study 1 (Day 21-30)         SOLOSEC (N=62)           Modified-Intent-to-Treat Population at 21-30 Days         Placebo (N=63)           Study 2 (Day 21-30)         SOLOSEC (N=62)           Modified-Intent-to-Treat Population at 21-30 Days         Placebo (N=67)           Study 2 (Day 21-30)         SOLOSEC (N=67)           Modified-Intent-to-Treat Population at 21-30 Days         Placebo (N=57)           Modified-Intent-to-Treat Population at 7-14 Days         Placebo (N=57)	67.7% 17.7% 53.3% 10.3% 57.9% 24.6%
Perrigo	Clindesse® (clindamycin phosphate vaginal cream, 2%)	1 time, 5g applicator, applied vaginally	Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled, Parallel Group Study 3           Study 1 (Day 21-30)         Clindesse (N=78)           Modified-Intent-to-Preet Population at 21-30 Days         Placebo (N=66)           Randomized, Investigator-Blind, Active-Controlled         Controlled           Study 2 (Day 21-30)         Clindesse single Dose (N=223)           Modified-Intent-to-Preet Population at 21-30 Days         Clindesse Single Dose (N=223)           Study 2 (Day 21-30)         Clindesse Single Dose (N=78)           Study 2 (Day 21-30)         Clindesse Single Dose (N=78)           Per Protocol Population at 21-30 Days         Clindearycin Vaginal Cream, 7 doses (N=125)	<b>41.0%</b> 19.7% <b>53.4%</b> 54.0% <b>64.3%</b> 63.2%
Exeltis	Nuvessa« (metronidazole vaginal gel 1.3%)	1 time, 5g applicator, applied vaginally	Randomized, Double-Blind, Vehicle-Controlled, Parallel Group Study 4       Study 1 (Day 21-30)     NUVESSA (N=292) Vehicle Gel (N=285)       Study 1 (Day 7)     NUVESSA (N=292) Vehicle Gel (N=285)	37.0% 26.7% 41.1% 20.0%
	3. Clindesse PRESCRIBING If	INFORMATION https://dailvmed.nlm.nih.gov/dailvmed/dail NFORMATION https://www.clindesse.com/cu/dtPLodf FORMATION https://www.nuvessa.com/cu/essa.files/Nuv	16s17n-xXs1.cfm?hetist=5515=1345-7702-46fe-8722-525684833218kvaentisniav essasi/S272915270118-08.cdf	

## **DARE-BV1: Looking Forward**

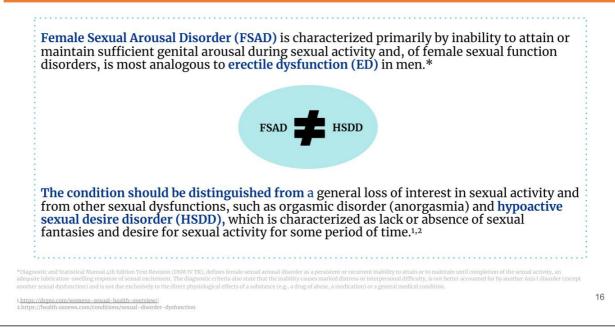
DARE-BV1 delivered better clinical cure rate values than currently marketed FDA-approved products for treatment of bacterial vaginosis.<sup>1</sup> DARE-BVFREE Study: >71% at Day 21-30 (primary endpoint) and 76% at Day 7-14 in the mITT population, and rates of 78% at Day 21-30 and 81% at Day 7-14 in the per protocol population.<sup>2</sup> DARE-BV1 Qualified Infectious **Disease Product** Demonstrated that DARE-BV1 is significantly effective in what we believe was a representative patient population, including a large proportion of patients who reported one or more episodes of bacterial vaginosis in the 12 months before they were randomized into the study (77%) of the UTP population) (QIDP) and Fast Track Designations (75% of the ITT population). > Consistent clinical cure rates even in the subset of women who reported having 3 or more prior bacterial vaginosis episodes in the last Priority year.3 Review FDA set a **PDUFA goal date of December 7**, 2021 for completion of its NDA review and communication of its decision, **potentially permitting a 2022** commercial launch in the U.S. Granted

Based on topline data from the Phase 3 DARE-BVFREE study and the prescribing information for currently marketed products.
 For more detail regarding topline study results see our December 7, 2020 announcement available at: <u>https://ir.garchipaciance.com/hews-release-detailu/dare-bioscience-announces-positive-topline-results-dare-byfree</u>; the per protocol population (N=148) includes subjects from the mITT population who have no major protocol violations that impact the primary or secondary endpoints or who received any other bacterial vaginosis therapy for any reason.
 Prior endoces were saff encorted

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### FSAD – The Clinical Issue



# FSAD – What is the incidence?

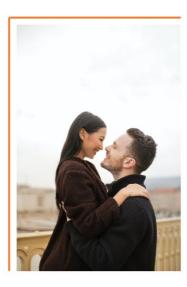
Meta-analysis of 95 studies from 2000-2014 indicated prevalence of Female Sexual Dysfunction in premenopausal women worldwide is 41%, and difficulty with arousal alone is 23%.<sup>1</sup>

Market research estimates:

► 33% of US women aged 21 to 60 (~ 20 million women), experience symptoms of low or no sexual arousal.<sup>2,3</sup>

► 10 million women are considered distressed and actively seeking treatment.<sup>2</sup>

McCool et al. Sex Med Rev 2016;6:197-212.
 Ad Hoc Market Research: FSAD Prevalence Report (Oct 2015) conducte
 Based on US Census projections for 2016.



## Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% - Product Profile

### Topically administered investigational Sildenafil Cream<sup>1</sup> is...

►A PDE5 inhibitor utilized in ED medications for men – ED product Viagra® peaked at \$2.05 billion in sales in 2012.2

> Designed to increase local blood flow to provide improvement in genital arousal response.

Applied topically, avoiding hepatic first-pass metabolism response, resulting in lower systemic exposure potentially resulting in reduced side effects vs. oral sildenafil, including Viagra<sup>®</sup>

► Given similarities between ED and FSAD, sildenafil - the active ingredient in Viagra<sup>®</sup> - may improve genital arousal response and overall sexual experience for women as it does in men.

### There are no FDA-approved treatments for FSAD

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## Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% - Phase 2b

Ongoing Phase 2b clinical study aims to evaluate Sildenafil Cream vs. placebo over 12 weeks of dosing following both a non-drug and placebo run-in period.

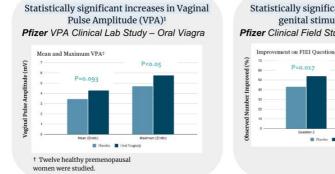
► Compares Sildenafil Cream vs. placebo used in patients' home setting.

>Primary endpoint: patient reported outcome (PRO) instruments to measure improvement in localized genital sensations of arousal and reduction in FSAD related distress.

Several exploratory efficacy endpoints will be measured and could become additional measurements of efficacy in a future Phase 3 program.



# Oral Sildenafil provided a compelling proof of concept for FSAD



Statistically significant improvement in genital stimulation (FIEI)<sup>2</sup> Pfizer Clinical Field Study - Oral Viagra

ent on FIEI Questions P=0.015 Placebo 🔳 Ocal Viagratio

† Question #2 – "After taking study medication, the sensation/feeling in my genital (vaginal, labia, clitoris) area during intercourse or stimulation (foreplay) seemed to be: (a) more than before, (b) less than before, or (c) unchanged".

Question #4 – "After taking the study medication, intercourse and/or foreplay was: (a) pleasant and satisfying; better than before taking the study medication, (b) unpleasant; worse than before taking study medication, (c) unchanged; no difference, or (d) pleasant; but still not like it used to be or I would like it to be."

202 postmenopausal women with FSAD who had protocol specified estradiol and free testosterone concentrations, and/or were receiving estrogen and/or androgen replacement therapy were studied.

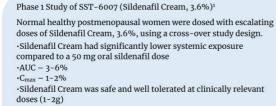
#### Key Takeaways of Viagra® studies:

·Increased blood flow and clinical efficacy observed with oral sildenafil (Viagra®) in women.

•The side effect profile of the oral formulation was not optimal for women - leading to the exploration of alternative delivery options including a topical route of administration.

1.The Enhancement of Vaginal Vasocongestion by Sildenafil in Healthy Premenopausal Women. Journal of Women's Health & Gender-Based Medicine. Vol. 11, No. 4. 2002 2.Safety and Efficacy of Sildenafil Citrate for the Treatment of FSAD: A Double-Blind, Placebo Controlled Study. The Journal of Urology. Vol 170, 2333-2338, December 2003.

# Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% - Phase 1 and Phase 2a Study Results



•Favorable product characteristics as self-reported by subjects •Easy to use •Readily absorbed

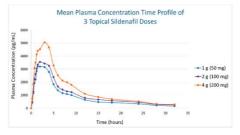
Demonstrated increased blood flow in the genital tissue compared to

placebo (mean change in VPA analysis) in 31 women (pre and

#### Phase 1 Study

Treatment	N=59	Sildenafil Single Dose	C <sub>max</sub> (ng/ml)	T <sub>max</sub> (hr)	AUC <sub>last</sub> (h*ng/ml)
Topical Sildenafil 1 g of cream	20	35 mg	3.4	2.37	25.6
Topical Sildenafil 2 g of cream	20	71 mg	3.8	2.27	30.8
Topical Sildenafil 4 g of cream	19	142 mg	5.3	2.22	42.5

#### Phase 1 Study



1. Data on file. Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% was previously known as SST-6007.

postmenopausal) ~30 minutes post dosing.

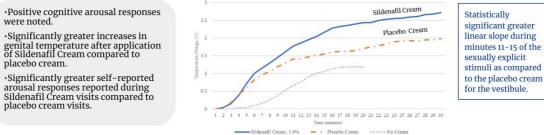
Phase 2a Study of SST-6007(Sildenafil Cream, 3.6%)1

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# Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% - Thermography Study Results

#### Demonstrated time to effect (See Figure 1)

Figure 1. Clitoral temperature change during the sexually explicit film



Thermography Study Design & Methodology (N=6)1

Phase 1, single-dose, double-blind, placebo-controlled, 2-way crossover study evaluating the feasibility of using thermography to assess the pharmacodynamics of Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% in normal healthy women. The study required 3 visits and a follow up contact: Visit 1 (screening), Visits 2-3 (double-blind dosing) and a phone call (safety follow-up).

1. Data on file. \* Thermography utilizes sensitive cameras capable of detecting and recording temperature variations over time. Genital temperature changes are a surrogate for genital blood flow





## **Ovaprene<sup>®</sup> - Commercial License Agreement with Bayer<sup>1</sup>**

January 2020 – Bayer, which markets the \$1 billion Mirena contraceptive franchise, and Daré announced the execution of a license agreement under which Bayer may commercialize Ovaprene investigational contraceptive in the US once approved by FDA.



•Bayer received the right to obtain exclusive US rights to commercialize the product, following completion of the pivotal clinical trial if Bayer, in its sole discretion, pays Daré \$20 million.

•Daré may receive up to \$310 million in commercial milestone payments, plus double-digit, tiered royalties on net sales.

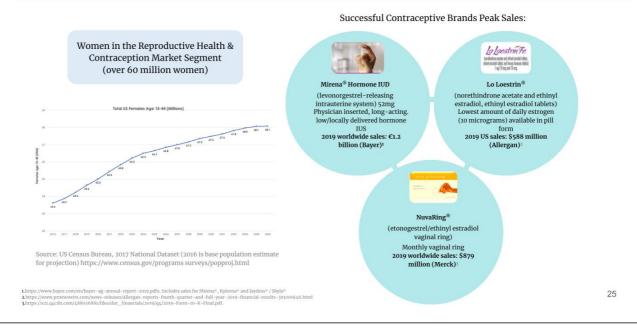
•Bayer supports the development and regulatory process by providing up to two full-time equivalents (internal experts) in an advisory capacity, which gives Daré access to their global manufacturing, regulatory, medical and commercial expertise.

sive-licensing-agr

We believe the licensing agreement with Bayer is validation of our broader corporate strategy and confirmation of Ovaprene's market potential, if approved, as the first monthly non-hormonal contraceptive product in the US market.

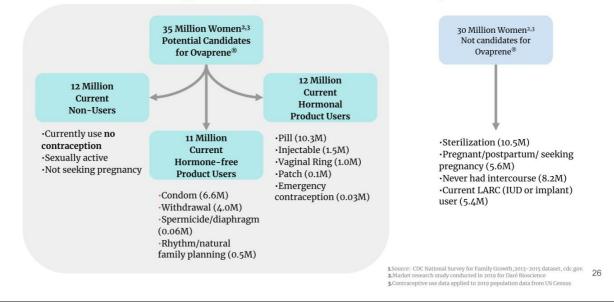
\* https://www.mirena-us.com/; supported by 2014-2016 SHS data. 1.https://ir.darebioscience.com/news-releases/news-release-details/bayer-and-dare-bioscience-am

# **Contraception: Large Market Opportunity**

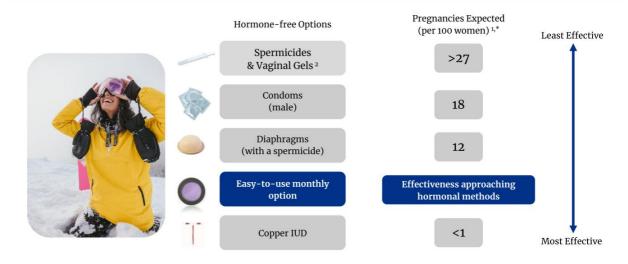


# Ovaprene<sup>®</sup> - Potential Market Opportunity

### There are approximately 65 million women in the US Aged 15-44<sup>1</sup>



# Contraception: What's Missing from Current Hormone-Free Options?



LUS. Food and Drug Administration Birth Control Guide date (*b*<sub>1</sub>/2) 2022: https://www.fd.gav/consumers/free-publications--wome/filter-publications

# Ovaprene<sup>®</sup> Investigational Hormone-Free, Monthly Contraceptive

Physical Barrier <sup>6</sup>	Desired Features of Birth Control Products: <sup>1-4</sup>	Design Features of Ovaprene:5-7	
Three-dimensional, knitted polymer barrier	+Efficacy	86% - 91% Expected Typical Use Effectiveness Approaching Hormone Contraception	
	+Hormone Free	No Hormones in the API Unique dual action MOA (spermiostatic & barrier)	
	+Convenience	Monthly Ring Form Women choose monthly intravaginal products for the convenience of a non-daily option	
Spermiostatic Environment <sup>6</sup> Contraceptive-loaded silicone ring releasing non-hormonal active	+Favorable Side Effect Profile	Safety Profile Similar to a Diaphragm No significant changes in vaginal flora and no serious adverse effects observed in studies to date	
Ferrous gluconate	+Easily Manage Fertility	No Systemic/Long-term Activity Inserted and removed without a provider allowing for immediate return to fertility	
4.Ersek, J. Matern Child Health J (2011) 15:497–506 5.In PCT studies of similar size, products (diaphragms) that demonstrated no motile sperm in the c over six - month periods. Mauck C, Vincent K. Biology of Reproduction, Volume 103, Issue 2, August 6.Journal of Reproductive Medicine 2009; 54: 685–690 7.Trussell J. Contraceptive Efficience, J. In Bakher BA, Trussell J., Nelson AL, Cates W, Kowal D, Policar.	2020, Pages 437-444	se <sup>10</sup> contraceptive effectiveness of 86-91% in pivotal contraceptive studies evaluating pregnancy rates NY: Ardent Media, 2011.	28

# Ovaprene<sup>®</sup> - U.S. Regulatory Strategy<sup>1</sup>

#### Premarket approval (PMA) strategy – The Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH) as lead review division

#### Step 1 (Completed)

·Postcoital Test (PCT) Clinical Study - Completed 4Q 2019

### Step 2 (Ongoing)

File investigational device exemption (IDE)
 4Q2021 to support 2022 pivotal study start.

2 - Conduct pivotal study

- ~250 completers up to 12 months of use
- Primary endpoints: safety and efficacy (pregnancy probability)
- Secondary endpoints: acceptability, product fit/ease of use and assessments of vaginal health

Anticipated regulatory pathway and timelines.
 Mauck C, Vincent K. Biology of Reproduction, Volume 103, Issue 2, August 2020, Pages 437–444

The PCT Clinical Study Met its Primary Endpoint

Ovaprene prevented the requisite number of sperm from reaching the cervix across all women and all cycles evaluated.

-Specifically, in 100% of women and cycles, an average of less than five (< 5) progressively motile sperm (PMS) per high-powered field (HPP) were present in the midcycle cervical mucus collected two to three hours after intercourse with Ovaprene in place.

-Women enrolled in the study who completed at least one Ovaprene PCT (N=26) had a mean of 27.21 PMS/HPF in their baseline cycle (without any contraceptive device), a mean of 0.22 PMS/HPF in their diaphragm cycle (in the presence of an FDAcleared diaphragm with spermicide), and a mean of 0.48 PMS/HPF in their Ovaprene PCT cycles (in the presence of the Ovaprene device), with a median of zero PMS.

	Mean Progressively Motile Sperm	Median Progressively Motile Sperm	Standard Deviation	Interquartile Range
Baseline PCT's	27.21	23.20	17.88	24.80
Ovaprene PCT's	0.48	0.00	1.18	0.10

 In PCT studies of similar size, products (diaphragms) that demonstrated no motile sperm in the cervical mucus during PCT assessments later demonstrated "typical use" contraceptive effectiveness of 86-91% in pivotal contraceptive studies evaluating pregnancy rates over six- month periods.<sup>2</sup>



## Daré – Working to Accelerate Innovation in Women's Health

#### 2019 and 2020

- ✓ Positive findings of Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% thermography clinical study
- $\checkmark~$  Positive topline data for Ovaprene® postcoital test clinical study
- $\checkmark\,$  Exclusive licensing agreement with Bayer for Ovaprene
- $\checkmark~$  Strategic partnerships with Health Decisions / Avomeen
- ✓ Grant funding for DARE-LARC1 reaches \$20.5 million
- ✓ Positive topline data for DARE-BV1 Phase 3 study

### 2021

- ✓ Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% Phase 2b commence
- ✓ DARE-HRT1 Phase 1 study positive topline data
- ✓ DARE-LARC1 \$11.5 million of additional non-dilutive grant funding
- ✓ Ovaprene CRADA for Phase 3 Study non-dilutive costsharing and operational collaboration with NICHD
- ✓ DARE-BV1 NDA accepted for priority review by the FDA

### **Anticipated Milestones**

### 2021

- ·DARE-VV1 Phase 1 study commence
- DARE-BV1 NDA PDUFA target December 7, 2021

#### 2022

- ·DARE-BV1 U.S. commercial launch
- ·Ovaprene pivotal Phase 3 study commence
- ·DARE-FRT1 Phase 1 study commence

# Phase 1 and Preclinical Programs

New investigational prescription drug delivery options for women

# Advancing Products Women Want – Phase 1 and Preclinical

. . . . . .

Product Candidate	PRE-CLINICAL	PHASE 1
DARE-HRT1^ Hormone Therapy - Phas	e 1 Study Complete	First-in-category combination hormone delivery for treatment of vasomotor and vaginal symptoms of menopause. Intravaginal ring (IVR) designed to release bio-identical estradiol and bio-identical progesterone over 28 days.
ARE-FRT1 <sup>^</sup> Pregnancy Maintenance -	Phase 1 Preparation	First-in-category progesterone delivery for pregnancy maintenance including the prevention o preterm birth and for luteal phase support as part of an IVF regimen. IVR designed to release bio identical progesterone over 14 days.
ARE-VVA1 <sup>^</sup> Vulvar and Vaginal Atroph	ny – Phase 1 Preparation	First-in-category hormone-free vaginal treatment for vulvar and vaginal atrophy (VVA) in a hormone-receptor positive, breast cancer patient population. Proprietary formulation of tamoxifen for vaginal administration.
DARE-LARC1 <sup>^</sup> Long-Acting, Reversible Personal Contraceptive System	2	Levonorgestrel-releasing long-acting contraceptive implant that a woman can turn on and off herself, according to her own needs.
ADARE 204/214 <sup>A</sup> 6 & 12-Month Injectable Contraception		Novel 6 & 12-month injectable formulations of etonogestrel being developed as a longer-acting reversible method of contraception with a more predictable return to fertility.
DARE-RH1 Male or Female Contraceptive Target		A potential new rapidly reversible, non-hormonal contraceptive solution with application for women and men.
05(b)(2) regulatory pathway anticipated.		33

## Intravaginal Ring Technology (IVR) Highlights

### The Vaginal Route of Drug Administration<sup>1</sup>

► Vaginal drug delivery offers many potential advantages due to large surface area, dense network of blood vessels and high elasticity due to presence of smooth muscle fibers.

► Recognized advantages include comparable ease of administration and ability to bypass hepatic first-pass metabolism. Our Intravaginal Ring (IVR) Technology – Design Features:

- ► Sustained drug delivery,
- ► Variable dosing and duration,

► Solid ethylene vinyl acetate (EVA) polymer matrix that can contain and release one or several active drugs,

► No need for membrane or reservoir to contain active drug(s) or control the release.

LSonia, T.A. & Sharma, C.P., "Routes of administration of insulin – Vaginal route," Oral Delivery of Insulin, 2014, https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/pharmacology-toxicology-and-pharmaceutical-science/vaginaldrug-delivery 34

### DARE-HRT1

Combination bio-identical estradiol + bio-identical progesterone 28-day IVR for hormone therapy following menopause

#### 45M women in U.S. approaching or in menopause<sup>1</sup>

#### Hormone Therapy (HT)

HT remains the most effective treatment for vasomotor symptoms (VMS) and genitourinary syndrome of menopause (GSM); and has been shown to prevent bone loss and fracture.

•The 2017 Hormone Therapy Position Statement of The North American Menopause Society (NAMS), supports HT in peri-and postmenopausal women.2

NAMS observes: non-oral routes may offer advantages over oral routes of administration.

#### **Completed Phase 1 STUDY**

A Phase 1, Open-Label, 3-arm Parallel Group Study to Evaluate the Pharmacokinetics and Safety of DARE-HRT1 (80 µg and 160 µg Estradiol/ 4 mg and 8 mg Progesterone Intravaginal Rings) in Healthy Post-Menopausal Women.

The topline data from the study support DARE-HRT1's potential to be the first FDA-approved product to offer vaginal delivery of combination bio-identical estradiol and bio-identical progesterone hormone therapy in a convenient monthly format to treat both VMS as well as vaginal symptoms of menopause.

505(b)(2) candidate<sup>3</sup> LU.S. Census Bureau, Population Division. Table 2. 2015 to 2060 (NP2012-T2). Released Dec. 2012. 2.The 2017 hormone therapy position statement of The North American Menopause Society; Menopause: The Journal of The North American Menopause Society Vol. 24, No. 7, pp. 728-753, https://www.menopause.org/docs/default-source/2017/nams-2017-hormone-therapy-position-statement.pdf 3.Anticipated regulatory pathway. Daré has not had any communications with the FDA regarding the specific marketing approval requirements for DARE-HRT1

### **DARE-FRT1**

Bio-identical progesterone 14-day IVR for prevention of preterm birth and luteal phase support as part of an IVF treatment plan

#### Prevention of Preterm Birth (PTB)

After steadily declining from 2007 to 2014<sup>2</sup>, the US premature birth rate rose for the fourth straight year in 2018 with ~10% of babies born preterm (<37 weeks).<sup>3</sup>

NIH Grant Funding for DARE-FRT1 PTB Program Potential for up to \$2.3 million in NIH grant funding to support DARE-FRT1 development Notice of award for initial \$300,000 in grant funding announced Aug 2020. Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute of Child Health & Human Development of the National Institutes of Health Award Number R44 HD101169.

#### Assisted Reproductive Technologies (ART)/IVF

As women wait longer to have children, infertility risk increases

·~12-15% of couples cannot conceive after 1-year of unprotected sex.4 • -20% of US women have their first child after age 35; ~1/3 of couples in which the woman is older than 35 years have fertility problems.<sup>5</sup>

U.S. Fertility Services Market \$3-4bn (Total Market Opportunity) \$1.7-2.5bn (ART Services) ~\$1.5bn (Fertility Medications)

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#### 505(b)(2) candidate1

NIH

09,00/J.2 canculate Anticipater regulatory pathway. Daré has not had any communications with the FDA regarding the specific marketing approval requirements for DARE-FRT1. 2.2019 March of Dimes Report Card, https://www.marchofdimes.org/mission/reportcard.aspx. CDC's National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics Reports, Birlins: Final Data for 2018, Nov 27, 2019, https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/n - https://www.nichd.nih.gov/health/topics/infertility/conditioninfo/common\_accessed January 8, 2021 5.<u>https://www.cdc.gov/reproductivehealth/infertility/index.htm</u> accessed January 8, 2021 6.Harris Williams & Co. Fertility market overview. May 2015.

### DARE-VVA1

Proprietary tamoxifen formulation for vaginal administration for vulvar and vaginal atrophy (VVA), a chronic condition characterized by pain during intercourse, vaginal dryness and irritation

Potential to be the first therapeutic specifically approved for treatment of VVA in patients with hormone-receptor positive (HR+) breast cancer.

•Approximately 3.8 million US women have a history of breast cancer; HR+ is the most common type.<sup>2</sup>

•Localized estrogen therapy for VVA may be contraindicated for women diagnosed with, or at risk of recurrence of, ER-positive and PR-positive breast cancer.

•VVA prevalence in postmenopausal breast cancer survivors is estimated at **42 to 70%**.<sup>3</sup>



Daré is developing this novel local application of tamoxifen to mitigate the symptoms of VVA for HR+ breast cancer patients, including women currently on anti-cancer therapy.

#### 505(b)(2) candidate1

3.9. JOCK/C relationer LAnticipated regulatory pathway. Daré has not had any communications with the FDA regarding the specific marketing approval requirements for DARE-VVA1. 2.American Cancer Society, Breast Cancer Facts & Figures 2019-2020, https://www.cancer.org/content/dam/cancer-org/research/cancer-facts-and-statistics/breast-cancer-facts-andfigures/breast-cancer-facts-and-figures-2019-2020.ptf 3.Clinical Breast Cancer, Dec 2017: https://www.sclencedirect.com/science/article/pii/Si526820917300952

This exploratory study<sup>1</sup> in four postmenopausal women diagnosed with VVA demonstrated that a self-administered vaginal suppository containing tamoxifen (20mg) dosed daily for one week and twice weekly for three months was effective in reducing vaginal pH and vaginal dryness.

Vaginal Tamoxifen	Enrollment (Baseline)	On Treatment (Month 3)	Paired Difference (Baseline vs. Month 3)
<b>Median Vaginal pH</b> Normal vaginal pH is usually less than 4.5. <sup>2</sup>	7.1 range 6.5 to 7.5	5.0 range 5.0 to 5.2	-2.0 median range -2.5 to -1.5 Lower pH value is a measure of symptom relief
Vaginal Dryness Rated using a visual analogue scale (VAS) that ranged from: 0 = Not bothered by dryness 10 = Extremely bothered by dryness	8.0 range of 7.5 to 9.0	3.0 range 2.0 to 3.0	-5.5 median range -6.0 to -4.5 Decreased vaginal dryness is a measure of symptom relief

In addition, systemic absorption of tamoxifen was not significant:

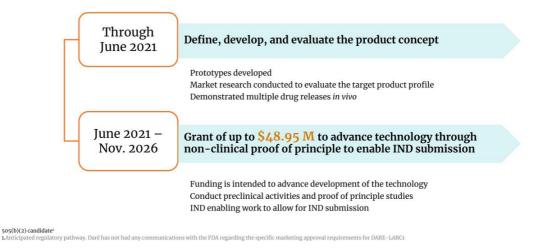
After 8 weeks of study treatment with vaginal tamoxifen, median plasma concentration of tamoxifen was 5.8 ng/ml, with a range of 1.0 to 10.0 ng/ml

•In comparison, after 3 months of administration of 20mg, once-daily oral tamoxifen citrate (Nolvadex),<sup>3</sup> the average steady state plasma concentration of tamoxifen is 122 ng/ml with a range of 71 to 183 ng/ml

Clin. Exp. Obstet. Gynecol. - ISSN: 0390-6663 XLVI, n. 2, 2019
 https://www.medicalnewstoday.com/articles/322537.php
 SUS Food and Drug Administration: "Drug Approval Package: Nolvadex (Tamoxifen Citrate) NDA# 21-109-2002". Available at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda\_docs/nda/2002/21109\_Nolvadex.cfm

### DARE-LARC1

Long-Acting, Reversible Personal Contraceptive System – levonorgestrel-releasing implant drug delivery system designed to store and precisely deliver hundreds of therapeutic doses over years that a woman can turn on and off herself, according to her own needs, without further healthcare provider intervention.



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# **Financial Summary**

### **Daré Financial Summary**

### 1H-2021 Financial Highlights:

•Cash provided from financing activities during 6 months ended 6/30/21: \$24.6 million (net)

•Cash and equivalents at 6/30/2021: \$9.1 million

### **Funding sources:**

### July 1 - August 10, 2021 Update:

•Cash provided from financing activities: \$25.4 million (net)

•DARE-LARC1 grant: Total award for up to \$48.95 million; \$11.45 million cash payment received in July

•Common shares o/s: 70.5 million shares

•Warrants o/s: 1.9 million

•Since inception, we have raised cash through sale of equity securities, M&A transactions, warrant and option exercises, non-dilutive grants, and license fees

•We endeavor to be creative and opportunistic in seeking capital required to advance our candidates, and to be efficient in use of such capital

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